



IMDRF International Medical
Device Regulators Forum

PROPOSED DOCUMENT

International Medical Device Regulators Forum

Title: Assembly and Technical Guide for IMDRF Table of Contents (ToC) Submissions (ToC-based submissions)

Authoring Group: Regulated Product Submissions Table of Contents WG

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1 **Preface**

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3 The document herein was produced by the International Medical Device Regulators Forum
4 (IMDRF), a voluntary group of medical device regulators from around the world. The document
5 has been subject to consultation throughout its development.

6

7 There are no restrictions on the reproduction, distribution or use of this document; however,
8 incorporation of this document, in part or in whole, into any other document, or its translation
9 into languages other than English, does not convey or represent an endorsement of any kind by
10 the International Medical Device Regulators Forum.

11 **1.0 Introduction**

12 The International Medical Device Regulators Forum (IMDRF) was conceived in February 2011
13 as a forum to discuss future directions in medical device regulatory harmonization. It is a
14 voluntary group of medical device regulators from around the world who have come together to
15 build on the strong foundational work of the Global Harmonization Task Force (GHTF). The
16 Forum will accelerate international medical device regulatory harmonization and convergence.
17 The Regulated Product Submission (RPS) proposal was endorsed as a New Work Item (NWI) by
18 IMDRF at its inaugural meeting in Singapore (March 2012). The working group to this point
19 has accomplished the following:

- 20 1. Established that the Health Level Seven (HL7) RPS Standard is "fit for purpose" for the
21 electronic exchange of information related to premarket medical device applications.
- 22 2. **Established a comprehensive Table of Contents (ToC) for the following premarket**
23 **applications**
 - 24 a. **Non-IVD (nIVD) Market Authorization**
 - 25 b. **IVD Market Authorization**

26 The ToC Working Group¹ has previously conducted pilots for both the nIVD and IVD Market
27 Authorization ToC structures, using historical submissions. These pilots provided valuable
28 feedback regarding the ToC structure and completeness, however there were obvious limitations
29 to using historical submissions and there were limited samples involving more than one
30 jurisdiction. Furthermore, there were no specific guidelines regarding the means of building a
31 submission in a pre-RPS implementation.

32 This document is intended to supplement the IMDRF ToC Pilot Plan and describe additional
33 harmonized guidelines for the acceptable folder structure and file format(s) for ToC-based
34 submissions.

35 **2.0 Scope**

36 This guide is intended for use in the assembly of IMDRF Table of Contents (ToC) based medical
37 device regulatory submissions currently within the scope of submission types accepted by each
38 IMDRF region.
39

¹ The IMDRF Table of Content Working Group is composed of the regulatory authorities from the agencies represented by the IMDRF Management Committee.

40 **3.0 GUIDE TO BUILDING A TOC-BASED SUBMISSION**

41 There are number of reference documents and guides that need to be consulted when creating a
 42 ToC-based medical device submission. This section provides information about these reference
 43 documents as well as information about how to use these documents to generate a ToC-based
 44 submission.

45 **3.1 Pilot Documents**

46 The table below lists the documents required to assemble an IMDRF ToC-based regulatory
 47 submission during the IMDRF TOC Pilot.

48 **Table 1 - List of pilot documents**

Document	Description	Location
IMDRF In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device Market Authorization Table of Contents (IVD MA ToC) OR IMDRF Non-In Vitro Diagnostic Device Market Authorization Table of Contents (nIVD MA ToC)	These documents define the heading names and hierarchy of the ToC structure. They also include detailed information about the content that belongs under each heading.	www.imdrf.org
IMDRF Assembly and Technical Guide for IMDRF Table of Content (ToC) Submissions [THIS DOCUMENT]	This document provides information about the reference documents available relating to the IMDRF ToC and harmonized technical specifications for ToC-based submissions.	www.imdrf.org (when finalized)
IMDRF Frequently asked Questions Document	Additional reference document that provides responses to commonly asked questions.	www.imdrf.org (when finalized)
IMDRF Standard ToC Folder Structure	This is a folder structure provided by IMDRF to replicate the hierarchy and headings of the ToC. Note: some headings have been modified from the full names defined in the nIVD and IVD MA ToC documents to reduce path lengths.	www.imdrf.org

Document	Description	Location
<u>REGIONAL</u> Classification Matrix	As the IMDRF ToC documents are comprehensive in nature, not all headings are required for all submission types and/or jurisdictions. The classification matrix defines whether for the given submissions type a heading is required, not required, optional, conditionally required, etc.	Various - contact region of interest for details
<u>REGIONAL</u> Assembly and Technical Guide for IMDRF Table of Content (ToC) Submissions	Similar to this document, regions may have additional requirements or regional specific guidance relating to the building and submission of a ToC-based submission that will be included in a regional Assembly and Technical Guide (e.g. transmission methods or special instructions for file transfer media).	Various - contact region of interest for details
<u>REGIONAL</u> Frequently asked Questions Document	Additional reference document that provides responses to commonly asked questions.	Various - contact region of interest for details

49 **3.2 Sample general process for building a ToC-based submission**

50 This section describes one example of how the pilot documents could be used to manually
51 assemble an IMDRF ToC pilot submission. It is important to note that this is intended to provide
52 further context to the pilot documents. Other approaches may be acceptable, including using a
53 submission builder to generate a submission meeting the requirements defined in the pilot
54 documents.

55 **Step 1:** Download² the required IMDRF Standard ToC Folder Structure for the applicable ToC
56 structure (e.g. IVD or nIVD)

57 **Step 2:**

- 58 • **Step 2a:** Begin building the submission consulting the relevant IMDRF Market
59 Authorization Table of Contents (IVD MA ToC OR nIVD MA ToC) for content related
60 guidance. Consult the regional classification matrix to establish the headings that require
61 content based on the submission type. **See IMPORTANT NOTES below for important**
62 **considerations in this process.**

63

² See IMDRF Standard Folder Structure file

- 64 • **Step 2b:** Consult this document as well as the IMDRF FAQ documents and regional
65 equivalents for the region of interest for technical requirements relating to the
66 files/folders that must be populated.

67 **Step 3:** Consult the regional classification matrix of interest to establish which folders can be
68 deleted from the comprehensive structure based on the submission type – see **Section 4.1 below**
69 **for further guidance.**

70 IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 71 1. As certain regions may have additional content requirements for certain headings³, it may
72 be prudent to build non region-specific, core, working, IMDRF content files and place
73 them within the complete IMDRF Standard ToC Folder Structure before deleting any
74 folders. Future regional adaptations can then be more easily produced from this baseline
75 submission structure and content. This reduces the risk of:
- 76 ○ Inclusion of regional content that is not required for the submission.
 - 77 ○ Missing required elements due to folders that were deleted but are required for
78 any subsequent submissions to other jurisdictions.
- 79 2. When the approach described in the note above is not possible and a submission is being
80 built from a folder structure previously submitted to another jurisdiction, take care to:
- 81 ○ Consider those heading that are regional or require regional focus and to ensure
82 that regional content that is not relevant to the subject regulator is removed.
 - 83 ○ Ensure that any folders that may have been deleted for the original submission are
84 reconsidered for inclusion in the new submission.
 - 85 ○ Ensure that content is current (e.g. market history is up to date).

86 **4.0 TECHNICAL GUIDELINES**

87 The IMDRF TOC Pilot will rely on technical guidelines to provide consistency across the
88 regions. The following sections include basic guidelines for submitting a TOC based
89 submission.

90 **4.1 Folder Structure**

91 The IMDRF documents, In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device Market Authorization Table of
92 Contents (IVD MA ToC) and Non-In Vitro Diagnostic Device Market Authorization Table of
93 Contents (nIVD MA ToC) define the content for each folder. The folder structure is to be built as
94 prescribed by IMDRF. Refer to the IMDRF Standard ToC Folder Structure file, which is a

³ For a complete description of common and regional content requirements for each heading refer to: [IMDRF In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device Market Authorization Table of Contents \(IVD MA ToC\)](#) **OR** [IMDRF Non-In Vitro Diagnostic Device Market Authorization Table of Contents \(nIVD MA ToC\)](#)

95 physical folder structure template provided by IMDRF to help facilitate the preparation of
96 applications in the required ToC format.

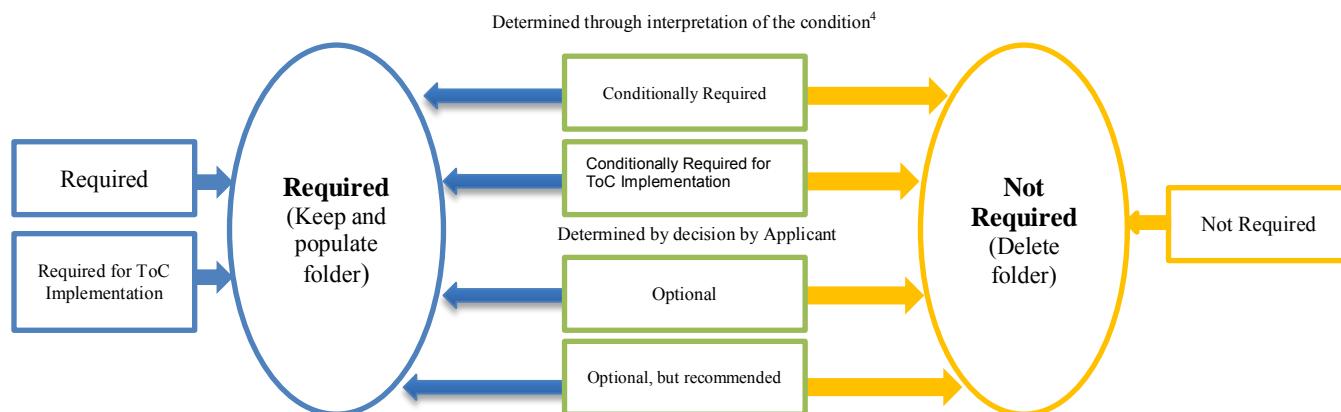
97 Regional Classification Matrices describe which elements of the ToC are required for each
98 regulatory submission within scope. There are factors influencing the inclusion/exclusion of
99 submission contents, these considerations are detailed below.

100 Each folder within the submission can be established as either **Required** or **Not Required** for
101 the particular submission. This can be explicitly defined by the classification matrix (e.g.
102 *Required* or *Not Required* classification) **or** through interpretation of the classification (e.g.
103 through assessment of conditions⁴ for those that are classified as *Conditionally Required* or a
104 decision by the applicant for those that are classified as *Optional*). With this in mind, Figure 1
105 below depicts many of the classifications that can result in a folder being **Required** or **Not**
106 **Required** within the submission.

107 Any folder that is established as **Required** should not be deleted.

108 Any folder that is established as **Not Required** should be deleted to ensure the submission
109 content package does not contain empty folders. If any parent folder contains no content, then
110 that parent folder should also be deleted.

111 It should be noted that some regions may require a statement describing why a section is not
112 provided (e.g., FDA sections located in Chapter 3 of the ToC).



113 **Figure 1 - Those classifications defined in the classification matrix (rectangles) that can lead to content being**
114 **Required or Not Required in for a particular submission (ovals).**

⁴ Conditions for *Conditionally Required* headings are outlined in the Classification Matrices

115 4.2 Folder Naming Convention

116 The folders in the provided templates will be numbered and named per the ToC requirements,
117 with the exception of the custom headings which are to be numbered and named as defined in the
118 IMDRF ToC (e.g. typically [Study description, study identifier, date of initiation]). The final
119 digit of the heading number should be revised as appropriate to ensure appropriate sequential
120 presentation of the custom folders when more than one study is being included. For example, for
121 the Physical and Mechanical Characterization heading, the first custom study folder should be
122 “3.5.01.1[*Study description, study identifier, date of initiation*]” and the second custom study
123 folder should be “3.5.01.2[*Study description, study identifier, date of initiation*]”. If there are
124 more than 10 studies, the sequence numbering should use 2 digits (e.g. 3.5.01.01, 3.5.01.02 for
125 the example above).

126 Custom folder names are to be limited to 50 characters (including the section number).

127 **NOTE:** Restrictions in file and folder names exist to ensure maximum allowable system filepath
128 lengths are not exceeded.

129 4.3 File Format, Size and Naming

130 Portable document format (PDF) files are the preferred file format although other formats such
131 as Microsoft Office (.doc, .ppt, .xls) are also acceptable in some regions. Refer to regional pilot
132 guidelines.

133 The applicant should create all PDF files directly from the source documents whenever feasible
134 rather than creating them by scanning. **PDF documents produced by scanning paper
135 documents are far inferior to those produced directly from the source document, such as
136 Word document, and, thus, should be avoided if at all possible.** Scanned documents,
137 particularly tables and graphs, are more difficult to read and do not allow the reviewers to copy
138 and paste text.

139 For any scanned document, you should perform optical character recognition (OCR) so that the
140 text is searchable. Check to see that the content has been correctly converted by: (1) highlighting
141 an area of text and (2) searching for a word or phrase. If the word or phrase is not returned in the
142 search, then the OCR did not recognize the text. We recognize that OCR may not be feasible in
143 some cases for documents with figures and images.

144 Most file names are user defined, with a limitation of 50 characters (including extension and
145 section number). File names should be meaningful and provide some indication of their content.
146 When more than one file is presented in a folder, suffix number should be used to ensure the
147 intended sequence of presentation is maintained.

148 File names that are prescribed are those that fall under custom or user defined folders, where the
149 following file names should be used:

- 150 • 1-Summary

- 151 • 2-Full Report
152 • 3-Statistical Data

153 No individual file in the submission shall exceed 100 MB.

154 The entire submission should not exceed 4GB.

155 **NOTE:** Restrictions in file and folder naming exist to ensure maximum allowable system
156 filepath lengths are not exceeded.

157 **4.4 Document Security**

158 Files should not have any security settings, specifically:

- 159 • Files must not have password protection preventing the file from opening.
- 160 • Files should be set to allow printing, selecting text and graphics, and adding or changing
161 notes and form fields.

162 **4.5 Bookmarking in PDF Files**

163 It is also important that PDF files be properly structured, with a properly bookmarked internal
164 table of contents. The following are recommended as good structuring practices:

- 165 • Documents of ten pages or more should have their own internal table of contents.
- 166 • When creating bookmarks, the magnification setting should be set to Inherit Zoom so that the
167 destination page displays at the same magnification level that the reviewer is using for the rest of
168 the document.
- 169 • Sections, subsections, tables, figures and appendices should all be bookmarked.
- 170 • Attachments to PDF files should be avoided.
- 171 • Too many levels of bookmarks are inefficient. In most instances, three levels of bookmarks
172 should be sufficient:
 - 173 1 Heading
 - 174 1.1 Subheading
 - 175 1.1.1 Sub-subheading.

176 It is recognized that bookmarks are generated automatically from document headings;
177 nevertheless, it is recommended that they be kept concise.

178 Set the Navigation Tab to open to “Bookmarks Panel and Page.” This sets the initial document
179 view when the file is opened. If there are no bookmarks, set the Navigation Tab to “Page Only.”
180 Page Layout and Magnification should be set to “Default.”

181 **4.6 Hyperlinking in PDF files**

182 Hyperlinks are used to improve navigation through individual PDF documents and are
183 encouraged. Hyperlinks can be designated by rectangles using thin lines or by blue text or you
184 can use invisible rectangles for hypertext links in a table of contents to avoid obscuring text.
185 Hyperlinks throughout the body of the document to supporting annotations, related sections,

186 references, appendices, tables, or figures that are not located on the same page are helpful and
187 improve navigation efficiency.

188 Hyperlinks between documents are acceptable but care must be taken in creating the links
189 between different documents so that they will function once the application is received by the
190 regulator (the use of relative linking is recommended). It is the manufacturer's responsibility to
191 ensure that hyperlinks are functioning. Links must also include references to the specific section
192 or page in the event the link is broken.

193 **4.7 Granularity Rules**

194 There are no limitations on the number of files per heading within the submission, however, the
195 following guidelines should be considered.

196 1) Efforts should be made to draft documents that concisely communicate the content
197 described in the IMDRF [In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device Market Authorization Table](#)
198 [of Contents \(IVD MA ToC\)](#) or [Non-In Vitro Diagnostic Device Market Authorization](#)
199 [Table of Contents \(nIVD MA ToC\)](#), rather than simply including existing documentation
200 that contains superfluous information not required for the particular heading. For
201 example:

202 • Including a number of Material Safety Data Sheets within “*2.4.1 - Comprehensive*
203 *Device Description and Principle of Operation*” rather than summarizing the
204 specific details of relevance to this heading.

205 2) When multiple files are considered necessary, file naming methods should ensure that the
206 files are presented in their intended sequence, for example in folder named “*2.4.1-*
207 *Comprehensive Device Description & Principle of Operation*” the files would appear as:
208 2.4.1.0-Comprehensive Device Description and Principle of Operation.pdf
209 2.4.1.1-Engineering drawings.pdf

210 **4.8 Pagination**

211 Pages of the submission should be numbered in such a manner that information can be easily
212 referenced by page number. Pagination should be applied to each document (i.e., the physical
213 file).