

Revision of the EU legislation on medical devices and *in vitro* diagnostic medical devices

IMDRF-4

Update on the revision of the MD regulatory framework in the European Union

> 20 March 2013 Nice





26/9/2012: Medical devices package

Communication on safe, effective and innovative MDs and IVDs











Proposal Reg. on Medical Devices

Extension of the scope to:

- Certain **implantable and other invasive products** regardless of a medical or non-medical (*e.g.* aesthetic) purpose (see Annex XV)
- Medical devices manufactured with non-viable human tissues or cells
- Reprocessed single-use medical devices





Proposal Reg. on IVDs

Extension of the scope to:

- **Class D** IVD manufactured and used within a single health institution ("in house" tests)
- Genetic tests and Companion diagnostics





Horizontal aspects

Health and Consumers



Role of economic operators

Clear set of obligations and responsibilities

- Manufacturers
- Importers
- Distributors
- Authorised representatives







> Supply chain

- Identification of economic operators up and down the supply chain
- Identification of professional end users (health institutions, HC professionals)

> Unique device identification (UDI)

- Gradual introduction of UDI system based on GHTF/IMDRF
- UDI database integrated in future EUDAMED





Notified bodies

> Tightened supervision of Notified Bodies

- **Reinforced minimum requirements** (independence, impartiality, competence, resources and processes)
- New process for designation and monitoring ('joint assessments')
- Scrutiny mechanism applicable to high-risk devices





Commission

General safety and performance requirements

> Essential requirements **aligned with GHTF**

> Labelling requirements aligned with GHTF







> Clinical investigations / interventional performance studies

Procedures aligned with proposed rules on clinical trials on medicinal products

Clinical evaluation / evidence

More detailed requirements are set out in Annex XIII which addresses the pre-market clinical evaluation and post-market clinical follow-up.
Together constitute a continuous process during the life cycle of a medical device.





- > EU vigilance portal
 - To ensure central reporting of serious incidents and FSCA by MFRs
 - As a basis for **trend reporting** (for classes IIb/C and III/D)





Market surveillance

• Clearer rights and obligations of authorities responsible for market surveillance (*e.g.* in-market controls)

Clearer procedures for national provisional measures (*e.g.* safeguard clause, corrective actions against non-compliant products)





Specific aspects regarding IVDs

Health and Consumers



Risk classification

Current system→ positive list *i.e.* Annex II to Directive 98/79/EC

no longer adapted to fast pace of technological progress e.g. vCJD assays

Health and Consumers



Risk classification

New system \rightarrow **risk-rule based classification***

- > 4 classes
 - A: low individual risk and low public health risk
 - **B**: moderate individual risk and/or low public health risk
 - C: high individual risk and/or moderate public health risk
 - **D**: high individual risk and high public health risk
- 7 classification rules



Clinical evidence

> Reinforcement of clinical evidence requirements

- Scientific validity of clinical data
- Clinical performance

Health and Consumers



Thank you for your attention!

European Commission Health and Consumers Directorate-General

Health Technology and Cosmetics Unit

http://ec.europa.eu/health/medical-devices/documents/revision/index_en.htm

